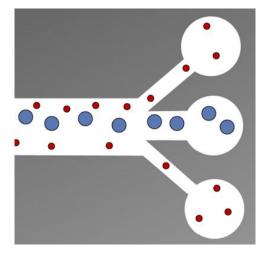
Separating Particles Using Tangential Flow Filtration and Inertial Microfluidics

Amanda Singleton Mechanical Engineering Mentor: Mike Garcia Principal Investigator: Sumita Pennathur Department: Mechanical Engineering University of California, Santa Barbara

A Better Way to Process Cells

Diagnosing diseases:

Microfluidics offers efficiency, automation, and use of small sample sizes



Finding a Balance Between Viscous and Inertial Forces

Reynolds number (Re)

$$Re = \frac{\rho UH}{\mu}$$

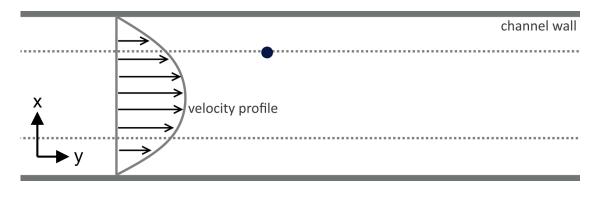
where

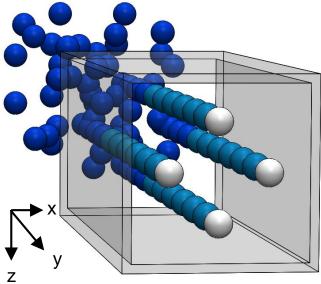
 ρ = density U = velocity H = characteristic length μ = viscosity Re<<1, viscous forces dominate

Re>>100, inertial forces dominate

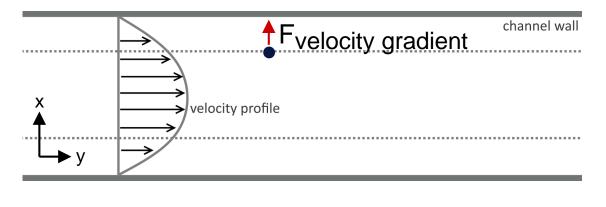
We are in the regime 1<Re<100 where inertial focusing occurs

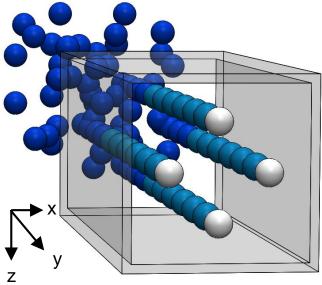
Particles Equilibrate Due to Two Main Forces



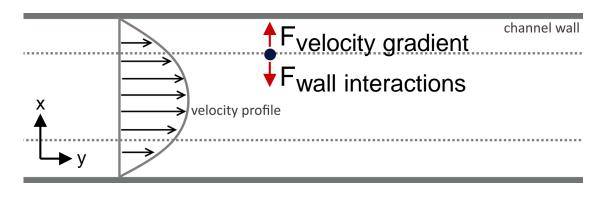


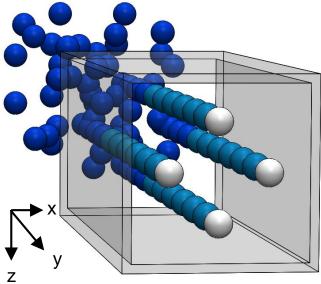
Particles Equilibrate Due to Two Main Forces



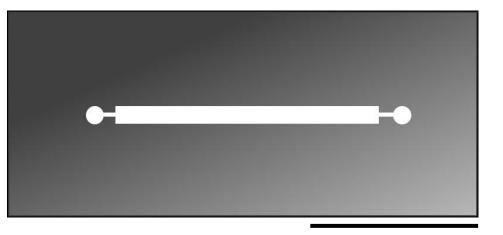


Particles Equilibrate Due to Two Main Forces





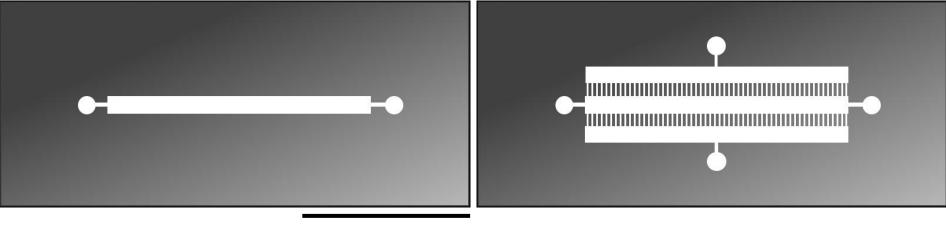
Tangential Flow Filtration Channels Allow Flow Manipulation



Straight Channel

1cm

Tangential Flow Filtration Channels Allow Flow Manipulation

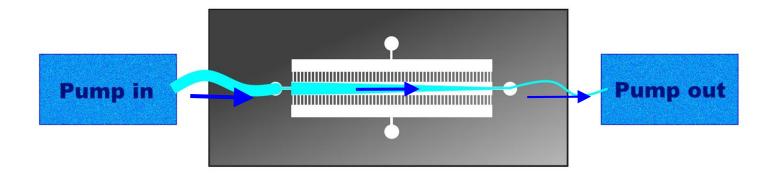


Straight Channel

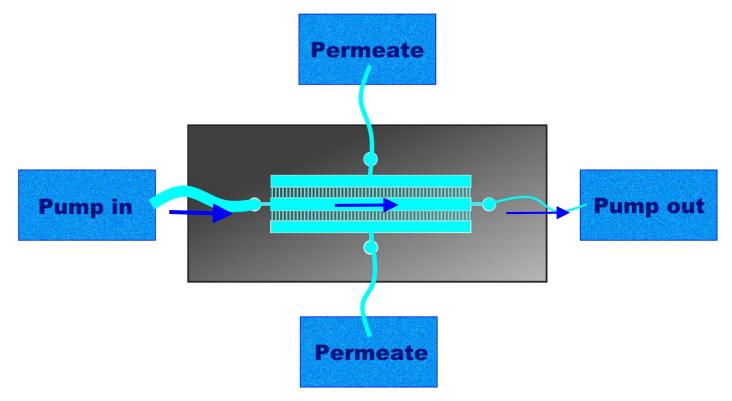
1cm

Tangential Flow Filtration (TFF) Channel

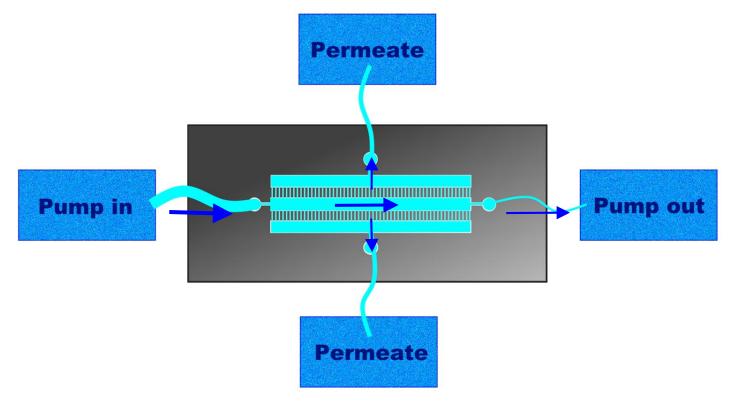
Permeate Flow in a TFF Device



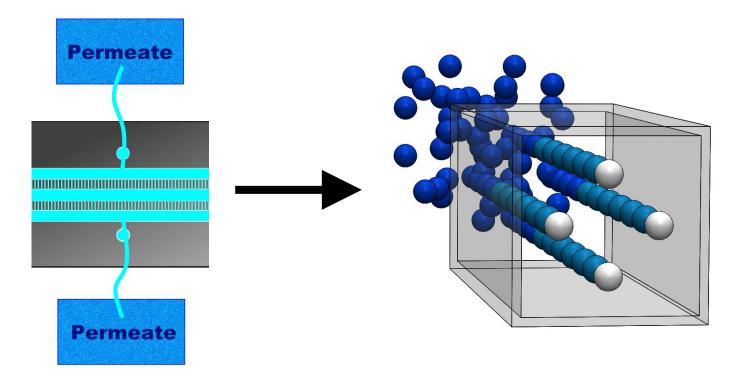
Permeate Flow in a TFF Device

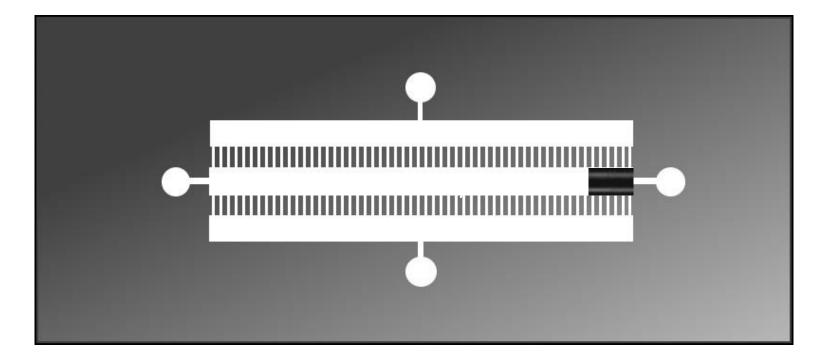


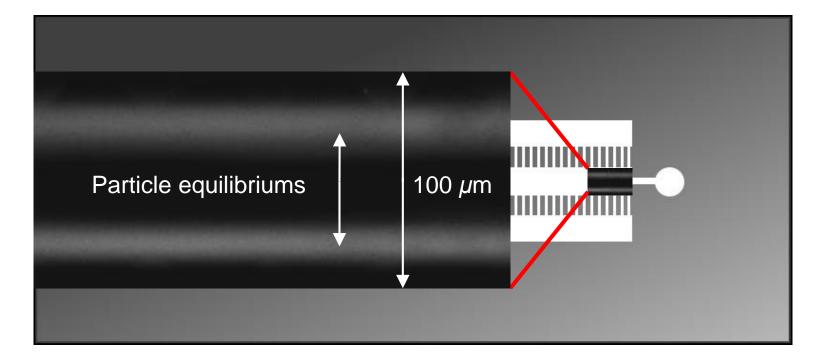
Permeate Flow in a TFF Device

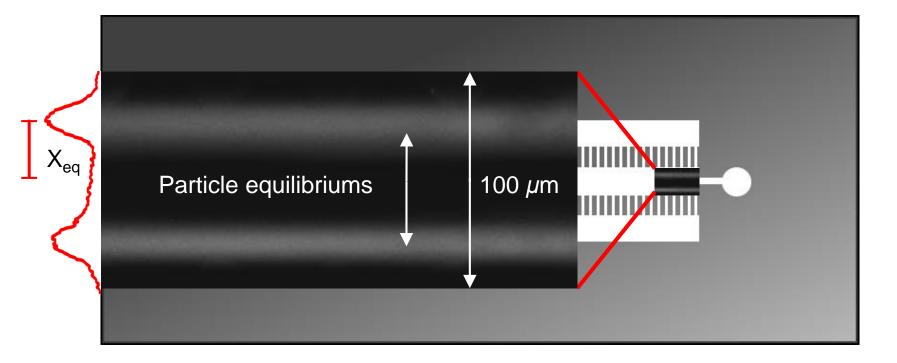


The Effect of Permeate Flow on Equilibrium Position

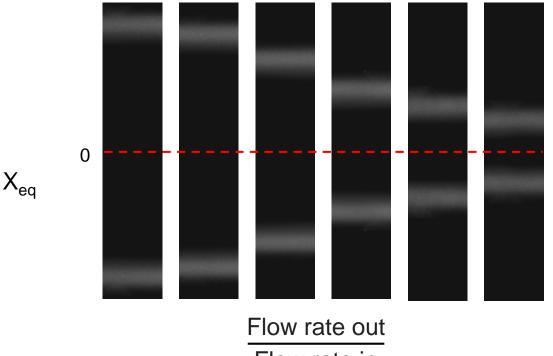








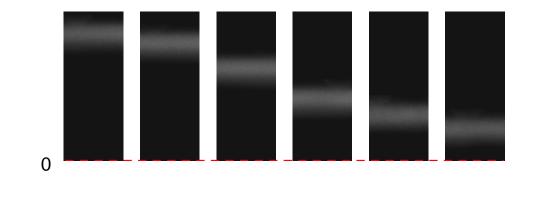
Variations in Permeate Flow Changes Equilibrium Positions



Flow rate in

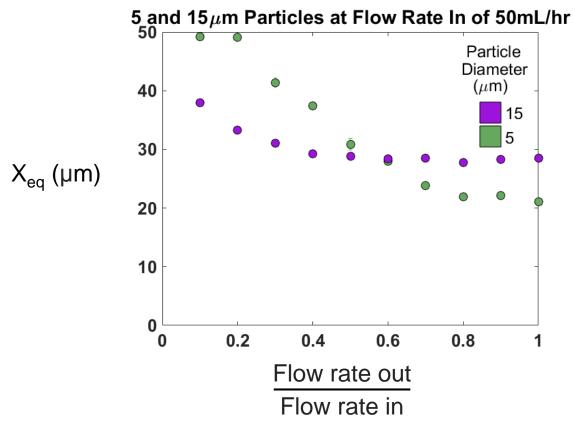
Variations in Permeate Flow Changes Equilibrium Positions

 X_{eq}

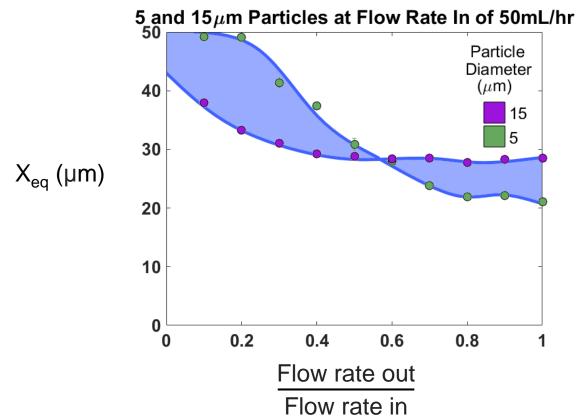


 $\frac{\text{Flow rate out}}{\text{Flow rate in}}$

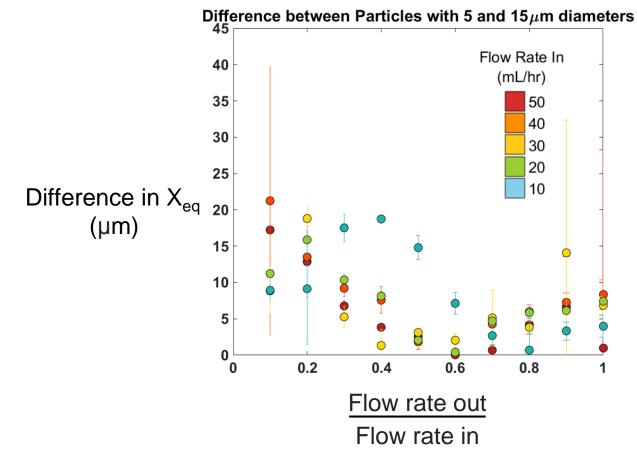
Separation is Possible!



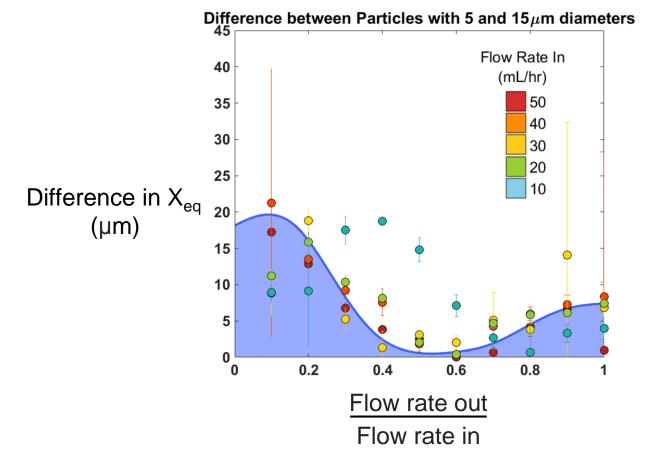
Separation is Possible!



Difference is Maximized at Flow Out/In Values of 0.2 and 0.9

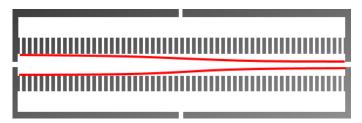


Difference is Maximized at Flow Out/In Values of 0.2 and 0.9



Future Work

Determine X_{eq} as a function of channel location (trajectories)

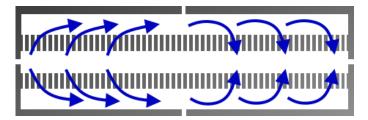


Future Work

Determine X_{eq} as a function of channel location (trajectories)



Design a device for constant permeate flow

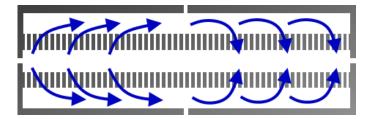


Future Work

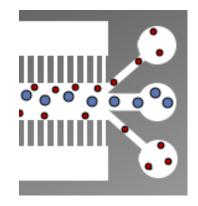
Determine X_{eq} as a function of channel location (trajectories)



Design a device for constant permeate flow



Add exit channels to verify separation



Acknowledgements



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